**Down**
1. These are useful to squirt water at little fires and to wet down the outside of your home: __ __ __ __
2. Most — but not all — bushfires happen in the __ __ __ season
3. __ __ __ __ are tools, not toys and you shouldn’t play with them.
4. You might smell the smoke before you see the __ __ __
5. Knowing tomorrow’s Fire __ __ __ Rating can help you decide whether to enact your Bushfire Survival Plan
6. All members of your family can __ __ to prepare your Home Fire Escape and Bushfire Survival plans
7. Curtains and clothes can __ __ if they are too close to a heater
8. The most dangerous part of a bushfire isn’t the flames, but the part that travels in front called radiant __ __ __
10. You should know at least __ __ ways out of every room
11. The fire triangle is made up of oxygen, heat and __ __ __
12. Fire safety starts with __ __
14. Every home should have a smoke __ __ __
16. You can prevent the __ __ of valuable items by packing them in your relocation kit and taking them away on high fire danger days
17. If there’s __ __ __, you should get down low and go go go.
19. It is important to __ __ Emergency Kits for during and after a bushfire
21. There might not be a __ __ __ __ __ at your home during a bushfire, because they could be fighting the fire somewhere else
24. __ __ __ __ __ __ person in your family should know your Bushfire Survival and Home Fire Escape Plans
26. A day of high fire risk is usually very __ __ and dry
28. If you decide to __ __ __ your home too late with a bushfire in your area, you could be in a lot of danger
30. You should crawl low __ __ smoke
32. Fuel that is __ __ is less likely to burn

**Across**
3. __ __ __ __ __ are tools, not toys and you shouldn’t play with them.
4. You might smell the smoke before you see the __ __ __
7. __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ are one of the risks of living in Australia, but we can prepare our home and our family.
9. You should always put a campfire out with __ __ __ not sand or dirt
11. You should always put a campfire out with __ __ __
13. You should make sure your family has a Bushfire Survival __ __ and a Home Fire Escape __ __
15. You can use the __ __ __ __ __ __, the radio and the internet to find out more about a bushfire in your area
18. If your clothes catch fire, stop, cover, __ __ and roll
20. Don’t forget to plan for the safety of your pets and all __ __ __ __ __
22. Being well prepared, with a written and practiced plan is the best way to __ __ __ __ __
23. You are __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ to find out more information about home and bushfire safety by visiting the CFS and MFS websites
25. The __ __ __ can affect how bad a fire danger day it will be.
27. It is important to stay __ __ if there’s a fire
29. If there’s a fire in your house, you should get __ __ and stay __ __
31. If you plan to leave on a day of high fire danger, it’s important to leave __ __ __ __ __
32. The safest way out of a room may be through the __ __ __
33. An important part of a Home Fire Escape Plan is knowing where to __ __ __ __ __
FIRE SAFETY CROSSWORD – ANSWERS

DOWN
1. These are useful to squirt water at little fires and to wet down the outside of your home: **HOSES**
2. Most – but not all – bushfires happen in the **SUMMER** season
3. Knowing tomorrow’s Fire **DANGER** Rating can help you decide whether to enact your Bushfire Survival Plan
4. All members of your family can **HELP** to prepare your Home Fire Escape and Bushfire Survival plans
5. Curtains and clothes can **BURN** if they are too close to a heater
6. The most dangerous part of a bushfire isn’t the flames, but the part that travels in front called radiant **HEAT**
7. You should always put a campfire out with **WATER,** not sand or soil
8. You should know at least **FIVE** ways out of every room
9. You should make sure your family has a Bushfire Survival **PLAN** and a Home Fire Escape **PLAN**
10. You should make sure your family has a Bushfire Survival **PLAN** and a Home Fire Escape **PLAN**
11. You should know at least **FIVE** ways out of every room
12. Fire safety starts with **ME**
13. Every home should have a smoke **ALARM**
14. You can prevent the **LOSS** of valuable items by packing them in your relocation kit and taking them away on high fire danger days
15. If there’s a **SMOKE,** you should get down low and go go go.
16. It is important to **PACK** Emergency Kits for during and after a bushfire
17. There might not be a **FIRETRUCK** at your home during a bushfire, because they could be fighting the fire somewhere else
18. **EVERY** person in your family should know your Bushfire Survival and Home Fire Escape Plans
19. A day of high fire risk is usually very **HOT** and dry
20. If you decide to **LEAVE** your home too late with a bushfire in your area, you could be in a lot of danger
21. You should crawl low **UNDER** smoke
22. Fuel that is **WET** is less likely to burn

ACROSS
3. **MATCHES** are tools, not toys and you shouldn’t play with them.
4. You might smell the smoke before you see the **FLAME**
5. **BUSHFIRES** are one of the risks of living in Australia, but we can prepare our home and our family.
6. If there’s a fire **OUT** of your home too late with a bushfire in your area, you should get down low and go go go.
7. The **WEATHER** can affect how bad a fire danger day it will be.
8. It is important to stay **CALM** if there’s a fire
9. If there’s a fire in your house, you should get **OUT** and stay **EARLY**
10. You should always put a campfire out with **WATER,** not sand or soil
11. You should make sure your family has a Bushfire Survival **PLAN** and a Home Fire Escape **PLAN**

Check out the CFS website, with loads of useful information: [www.cfs.sa.gov.au](http://www.cfs.sa.gov.au)